- **Brönsted/Lowry Theory Practice Acid Base Questions** 1. In a weak acid (HA) solution, how do the number of HA molecules compare to the number of H⁺ ions present? 2. Write a balanced equation for the ionization of : (a) HCN + $H_2O_{(1)}$ \rightleftharpoons (b) NH_2 (base) + $H_2O_{(1)}$ \rightleftharpoons (c) HBr + $H_2O_{(I)}$ \rightleftharpoons (d) CH_3NH_2 (base) + $H_2O_{(I)}$ \rightleftharpoons 3. Arrange the following 1.0 M solutions in order of *decreasing* pH. (Hint: what are their Ka's? When molarities are equal, stronger acid = lower pH) CH₃COOH, H₃PO₄, LiOH, NH₃ Highest pH Lowest pH 4. What kind of relationship is there between the [H+] and [OH-]? Explain...
- 5. Complete the following ionization reactions:
 - (a) $HI_{(aq)} + H_2O_{(l)} \rightleftharpoons$

(b)
$$CH_3NH_2 + H_2O_{(I)} \rightleftharpoons$$
 (base)

(c)
$$HNO_{2(aq)} + H_2O_{(I)} \rightleftharpoons$$

(d)
$$NH_3 + H_2O_{(I)} \rightleftharpoons (base)$$

- 6. Give an example of:
 - (a) a strong acid
- (b) a strong base _____
- (c) a weak base _____

- 7. Give the conjugate base for:
 - (a) H₃PO₄ _____
- (b) HCO₃
- 8. Give the conjugate acid for:
 - (a) OH⁻
- (b) SO₄²⁻

LiOH, HF, H ₂ S, HBr	
lowest	highest
10. Give the conjugate base for:	
10. Give the conjugate base for:	
(a) H ₂ SO ₄	(b) HCOOH
11. Give the conjugate acid for:	
(a) NH ₃	(b) CO ₃ ²⁻
12. Rank the following 1.0 M solutions in order of <i>increasing</i> pH:	
HClO ₄ , HF, NH ₃ , H ₂ CO ₃	
lowest	highest

9. Rank the following 1.0 M solutions in order of *increasing* pH: